

Table 1. OLS Results for the Basic and Augmented Generalized Gravity Equations

Independent variables	Model 1: Standard gravity (eqn. 5.1)	Model 2: Augmented gravity (eqn. 5.2)	Model 3: Augmented gravity (eqn. 5.3)
Constant	0.30 (0.53)	0.71 (1.32)*	-2.85 (-3.27)*
Exporter income	1.30 (24.54)*	1.28 (23.91)*	1.23 (23.65)*
Importer income	1.20 (24.18)*	1.39 (26.65)*	1.26 (21.33)*
Exporter population	-0.41 (-7.91)*	-0.38 (-7.78)*	-0.33 (-7.13)*
Importer population	-0.25 (-4.42)*	-0.35 (-6.47)*	-0.23 (-3.65)*
Distance	-0.91 (-38.20)*	-0.93 (-39.50)*	-0.85 (-32.46)*
Exporter infrastructure	---	-0.003 (-0.40)	-0.0005 (-0.06)
Importer infrastructure	---	-0.08 (-8.59)*	-0.08 (-8.94)*
Per capita income differential	---	---	-0.23 (-5.28)*
Real exchange rate	---	---	0.54 (4.60)*
EU dummy	0.11 (1.94)**	0.10 (1.73)**	0.12 (2.13)**
Mercosur dummy	0.65 (4.29)*	0.48 (2.90)*	0.41 (3.10)*
Adjusted R ²	0.830	0.834	0.837
F test	58.36**	57.77**	56.62**
SSR	3,509	3,431	3,358
Log Amemiya prob. cr.	0.153	0.132	0.120
Akaike info. crt.	2.990	2.970	2.958
Log-likelihood	-4,519	-4,486	-4,466

Notes: Time dummies are not reported. All variables except dummies are expressed in natural logarithms. Estimations use White's heteroskedasticity-consistent covariance matrix estimator. t-statistics are in parentheses. *, **, *** denote significance at the 1%, 5% and 10% level, respectively. F (n-1, nT-n-K) degrees of freedom in brackets. Where K is the number of variables in the regression, n is the number of trading pairs and T is the number of time periods. The number of observations equals (n x T) = 3,028.